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Regional Best Practices for Consumer Professionals

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Gadgets and Gizmos

AI and Other Applications in the Workplace



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What is AI?

- Requires machine learning
 - Not to be confused with automation
- AI can be used for a variety of tasks:
 - Understanding and translating language
 - Analyzing data
 - Making recommendations
 - Learning from experience
 - Recognizing patterns
 - Solving problems

Overview of AI Products

TEXT



AUDIO



VIDEO



DATA



CHATBOTS



IMAGE



CODE



Chat GPT

Legal Research

ChatGPT 4o -

what are the advantages of an LLC over a corp

- ① Limited Liability Companies (LLCs) and Corporations (Corps) are two popular business structures, each with its own set of advantages and disadvantages. Here are some advantages of an LLC over a corporation:

 1. **Limited Liability:** Both LLCs and corporations offer limited liability protection, which means that the personal assets of the owners (members in an LLC and shareholders in a corporation) are typically protected from business debts and liabilities. However, LLCs are often considered more flexible in terms of how they maintain this limited liability protection.
 2. **Flexible Management:** LLCs offer more flexibility in management compared to corporations. LLCs can be managed by their members (owners) or designated managers, and they have fewer formalities and corporate governance requirements. Corporations, on the other hand, must have a board of directors and officers, and they must hold regular meetings and maintain more detailed records.
 3. **Pass-Through Taxation:** One of the significant advantages of an LLC is its tax flexibility. By default, an LLC is treated as a pass-through entity for tax purposes, meaning that business profits and losses flow through to the individual owners' personal tax returns. This can lead to potential tax advantages, especially for small businesses.
 4. **Profit Allocation:** LLCs offer more flexibility in allocating profits and losses among their members. In contrast, corporations typically follow a rigid profit-sharing structure based on the number of shares owned by shareholders.

ChatGPT 4o -

5. **Ownership Flexibility:** LLCs have fewer restrictions on ownership, making it easier to have a diverse group of members, including other LLCs, corporations, and foreign entities. Corporations often have more restrictions on who can be shareholders.
6. **Reduced Formalities:** LLCs generally have fewer formal requirements and paperwork compared to corporations. They may not need to hold annual meetings or follow strict record-keeping guidelines, which can reduce administrative burdens.
7. **Transferability of Interests:** Transferring ownership interests in an LLC is often simpler and more flexible than transferring shares in a corporation. LLC operating agreements can specify the process for transferring ownership interests.
8. **No Double Taxation:** While corporations can be subject to double taxation (taxes at both the corporate and individual levels), LLCs, as pass-through entities, avoid this issue. LLC members report business income and losses on their individual tax returns.
9. **Privacy:** LLCs often offer more privacy for their owners. In many jurisdictions, the ownership information of an LLC can remain confidential, whereas corporations typically have more public disclosure requirements.
10. **Easier Dissolution:** LLCs are generally easier to dissolve and wind up compared to corporations, which can involve more complex procedures.

It's essential to consult with legal and tax professionals to determine which business structure is most suitable for your specific needs, as the choice between an LLC and a corporation depends on various factors, including your business structure, management preferences, and tax considerations.

Chat GPT

Summarizing Articles

[Live Demo](#)



Pepperdine Law Review

Volume 51 | Issue 4

Article 1

4-15-2024

Machines Like Me: A Proposal on the Admissibility of Artificially Intelligent Expert Testimony

Andrew W. Jurs

Scott DeVito

Chat GPT

Summarizing Articles

CHATGPT 4.0

 openai-ada-001.pdf

Please provide a 1 page summary on this article.

The article titled "Machines Like Me: A Proposal on the Admissibility of Artificially Intelligent Expert Testimony" by Andrew W. Jurs and Scott DeVito, published in the Pepperdine Law Review, addresses the rapidly increasing role of artificial intelligence (AI) in legal proceedings, particularly focusing on the admissibility of AI-based expert testimony. The authors argue that as AI systems become more sophisticated and prevalent in legal contexts, it is crucial to establish clear rules for when and how such AI-generated evidence should be admissible in court.

The article begins by exploring the current use of AI in forensic science and law enforcement, noting that in many areas, increasingly employed AI tools ranging from predictive policing to forensic evidence analysis. However, the authors emphasize the need for caution, pointing out that not all AI systems are suitable for legal or expert testimony due to issues related to transparency and explainability. They argue that only AI systems with transparent and understandable methodologies (referred to as "open-box" systems) should be admissible in court, while "black-box" systems, which operate in ways that are not easily understood or explained, should be excluded.

The authors then delve into the computational methodologies underlying various types of AI systems, including expert systems, machine learning, and neural networks. They highlight the importance of explainability and transparency in ensuring that AI-generated evidence can be properly evaluated by judges and juries. The article also addresses the potential pitfalls of relying too heavily on AI evidence, such as the risk of jurors placing undue weight on AI-generated conclusions due to their perceived infallibility.

To address these concerns, the authors propose several policy recommendations. They suggest that courts adopt cautionary jury instructions to remind jurors that AI-based evidence is only one part of the overall analysis and that its reliability depends on the underlying methodology. Additionally, they advocate for greater transparency in the development and use of AI systems in forensic contexts, arguing that this is essential for maintaining the legitimacy of the criminal justice system.

Overall, the article provides a comprehensive analysis of the challenges and opportunities associated with the use of AI in legal proceedings and offers practical solutions for ensuring that AI-generated evidence is used in a fair and responsible manner.

Chat GPT

Other Uses



The screenshot displays the ChatGPT interface with a user prompt and a detailed response. The user prompt asks for a recipe for 'Marry Me Chicken'. The response includes a description of the dish, a list of ingredients, and step-by-step instructions for preparation and cooking.

ChatGPT Asks:

Marry me chicken recipe

"Marry Me Chicken" is a popular dish that's often said to be so delicious, it could inspire a marriage proposal! Here's a simple recipe for you:

Ingredients:

- 4 boneless, skinless chicken breasts
- Salt and pepper, to taste
- 2 tablespoons olive oil
- 3 cloves garlic, minced
- 1 cup chicken broth
- 1 cup heavy cream
- 1/2 cup sun-dried tomatoes, chopped
- 1/2 cup grated Parmesan cheese
- 1 teaspoon dried thyme
- 1 teaspoon dried oregano
- Fresh basil, chopped (for garnish)

Instructions:

- 1. Prepare the Chicken:**
 - Season the chicken breasts on both sides with salt and pepper.
 - Heat the olive oil in a large skillet over medium-high heat.
 - Add the chicken breasts and sear for about 4-5 minutes on each side until golden brown. Remove the chicken from the skillet and set aside.
- 2. Make the Sauce:**
 - In the same skillet, add the minced garlic and sauté until fragrant, about 1 minute.
 - Pour in the chicken broth and scrape up any browned bits from the bottom of the skillet.
 - Add the heavy cream, sun-dried tomatoes, Parmesan cheese, thyme, and oregano. Stir to combine and bring the mixture to a simmer.
- 3. Cook the Chicken:**
 - Return the chicken breasts to the skillet, spooning some of the sauce over the top.
 - Reduce the heat to low and cover the skillet. Let the chicken simmer in the sauce for about 10-15 minutes, or until the chicken is cooked through and the sauce has thickened.
- 4. Garnish and Serve:**
 - Once the chicken is cooked, garnish with fresh-chopped basil.
 - Serve the chicken with the creamy sauce over pasta, rice, or with a side of vegetables.

Enjoy your "Marry Me Chicken"!

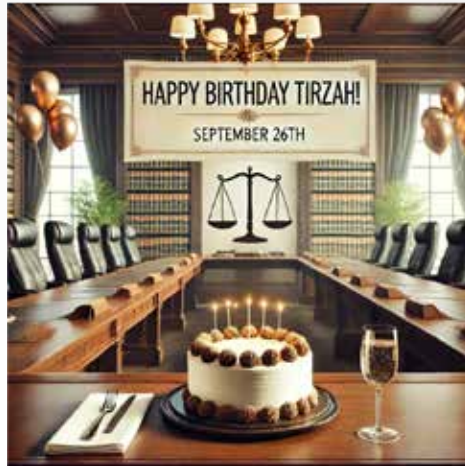
Chat GPT

Other Uses

[Link to ChatGPT: Live Demo](#)

Chat GPT

Other Uses



DocUClipper

[Live Demo](#)

- Document Automation
- Takes PDFs of bank statements or credit card statements and turns them into a spreadsheet

Lexis AI

[Live Demo](#)

Legal Research

- Similar to ChatGPT
- Can find prior cases or law that focuses on your research question
 - Provides links directly to the cases

Draft Documents

- Has the ability to draft briefs, motions, and similar documents
- Will need to be refined, but it can be a *great* starting point

Summarize Cases

- With a case name or citation you can get a summary regarding the facts of the case, the opinion provided, and any other necessary information

Courtlink

- Linked directly to Pacer
- Have the ability to search by client, keyword, attorney, US Trustee, etc.
- Are able to view all of the documents of a case (and download them) at no additional cost

5 Steps to a Legal Tech Audit

Locate your Products

- Identify what products your firm has access to
- Identify what you need your tech to complete in order to make your firm successful

Document your Findings

- Create a spreadsheet or other document including the following:
 - Type of tech
 - What it is used for
 - Expenses, Etc.

Future Proof your Tech

- Use this documentation for ongoing legal tech audits

Evaluate AI Products

- Determine, based on this information, which AI tools you might want to use
- Read the terms of service thoroughly and determine:
 - What does this product do?
 - How can I use it to improve my firm?
 - What does the product do with your data?

Analyze and Plan

- Compare your data and AI products
- Determine what you need to keep, what you can let go of, and what you may need to purchase



Concluding Remarks



Questions?



Faculty

Camille R. Hawk is a partner with Valentine O'Toole, LLP in Omaha, Neb., and is one of the region's leading creditors' rights attorneys. She offers financial institutions assistance in the areas of real estate and lending law, and default services including bankruptcy, title issues, foreclosure, loss mitigation, eviction and collections, covering commercial, residential, agricultural and SBA matters. Ms. Hawk has worked with banks for more than 32 years and is licensed in Nebraska and Iowa. She is a regular speaker on topics related to foreclosure, collections and debtor/creditor relations, and she serves on several community boards. Ms. Hawk received her B.A. in sociology in 1990 from Creighton University and her J.D. from Creighton University School of Law in 1994.

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